# GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY <br> INTEGRATED MASTER OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION 

Year -First (Semester -1) (W.E.F. Academic Year 2017-18)

## Subject Name: BUSINESS MATHEMATICS (BM)

Subject Code: 2517103

## 1. Course Objective:

The aim of this subject is to expose students to the application of mathematics in a business context and help them understand the need for mathematical models as tools of increasing the efficacy of decision making process
2. Course Duration: The course duration is of $\mathbf{4 5}$ sessions of $\mathbf{6 0}$ minutes each.

## 3. Course Contents:

| Module <br> No. | Modules with its Contents/Chapters | No. of <br> Sessions | Marks (out <br> of 70) |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Matrices \& Determinants: Definition of a matrix; types <br> of matrices; Algebra of matrices, Properties of <br> determinants; calculations of values of determinants up to <br> third order; Ad-joint of a matrix, inverse matrix, <br> elementary row and column operations; solution of a <br> system of linear equations having unique solution and <br> involving not more than three variables, Cramer's Rule for <br> determinants. | 15 | 21 |
| II | Mathematics of Finance: Simple Interest, Compound <br> Interest, Annuity, Sinking fund, Annuity due, Perpetuity, <br> Effective rate of Interest, Loan Amortization table. <br> Sequence and Series: Arithmetic Progression (AP), <br> Geometric Progression (GP) and Harmonic Progression <br> (HP) | 10 | 14 |
| III | Profit And Loss: Trade discount, Cash discount, Problems <br> involving cost price, Selling Price and Profit \& Loss, |  |  |


|  | Problems on Commission and brokerage. <br> Ratio: Ratio- Definition, Continued Ratio \& Inverse Ratio <br> Proportion: Continued Proportion, Direct Proportion, <br> Inverse Proportion: Variation, Inverse Variation, Joint <br> Variation <br> Percentage - Meaning and Computations of Percentages. | 12 | 21 |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| IV | Functions \& Limit: Definition of a function, Domain, co- <br> domain, range of a function. Types of functions- one-one <br> function, Many-one function, Even and odd functions (only <br> definitions), definition of Limit of a function, concept of <br> Limit, Methods of Evaluating Limit of a Function by <br> factorization \& rationalization, Continuity of a function | 8 | 14 |
| V | Practical <br> Students may have to work on any topic of their choice and <br> try to identify the implications of above mentioned <br> mathematical concepts in the industry of their choice | Internal <br> evaluation |  |

## 4. Teaching Methods:

The course will use the following pedagogical tools:
(a) Lectures and Discussions
(2) Assignments and Presentations
(3) Practical use of software

## 5. Evaluation:

The evaluation of participants will be on continuous basis comprising of the following Elements:

| A | Continuous Evaluation Component <br> comprising of assignments, project, class <br> participations, etc. (List of activities) | (Internal Assessment-50 Marks) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| B | Mid-Semester examination | (Internal Assessment-30 Marks) |
| $\mathbf{C}$ | End -Semester Examination | (External Assessment-70 Marks) |

## 6. Text / Reference Books:

| Sr. No. | Author | Name of the Book | Publisher | Year of <br> Publication |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | D. C. Sancheti, V. K. <br> Kapoor | Business Mathematics |  <br> Sons | Latest Edition |
| 2 | J. K. Singh | Business Mathematics | Himalaya <br> Publishing House | Third edition 2015 |
| 3 | Ajay Goel, Alka Goel, |  <br> Statistics | Taxmann Allied <br> Services | Fourth Edition <br> 2007 |
| 4 | Dr. Amarnath Dikshit, <br> Dr. Jinendra Kumar <br> Jain | Business Mathematics | Himalaya <br> Publishing <br> House | 2011 |

7. Session Plan: ( 45 sessions of 60 minutes)

| Session <br> Nos. | Topics to be covered |
| :---: | :--- |
| $1-5$ | Definition of a matrix; types of matrices; Algebra of matrices, Properties of <br> determinants; calculations of values of determinants up to third order |
| $6-11$ | Ad-joint of a matrix, inverse matrix, elementary row and column operations; |
| $12-15$ | solution of a system of linear equations having unique solution and involving not more <br> than three variables, Cramer's Rule for determinants |
| $16-19$ | Mathematics of Finance: Simple Interest, Compound Interest, Effective rate of Interest, <br> Annuity, Sinking fund, Annuity due, Perpetuity, Loan amortization table |
| $20-25$ | Arithmetic Progression (AP), Geometric Progression (GP) and Harmonic <br> Progression (HP) |
| $26-28$ | Profit and Loss: Terms and Formula: Trade discount, Cash discount, Problems <br> involving cost price, Selling Price, Trade discount and Cash Discount and <br> Problems on Commission and brokerage. |
| $29-32$ | Ratio- Definition, Continued Ratio \& Inverse Ratio |
| $33-35$ | Continued Proportion, Direct Proportion, Inverse Proportion: Variation, Inverse <br> Variation, Joint Variation |
| $36-37$ | Meaning and Computations of Percentages |
| $38-41$ | Definition of a function, Domain, co- domain, range of a function. Types of functions- <br> one-one function, Many-one function, Even and odd functions (only definitions), |
| $42-45$ | definition of Limit of a function, concept of Limit, Methods of Evaluating Limit of a <br> Function by factorization \& rationalization, Continuity of a function |

