

LOK JAGRUTI UNIVERSITY (LJU)
INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

Department of Mechanical Engineering
Bachelor of Engineering (B.E.) – Semester – IV

Course Code:	017103403
Course Name:	Thermodynamics 2
Category of Course:	Professional Core Course (PCC)
Prerequisite Course:	Mathematics 1 (017101191), Physics (017101192), Mathematics 3 (017101391), Engineering Mechanics (017102291), Thermodynamics 1 (017103301)

Teaching Scheme				
Lecture (L)	Tutorial (T)	Practical (P)	Credit	Total Hours
3	1	2	5	40

Syllabus				
Unit No.	Topic	Prerequisite Topic	Successive Topic	Teaching Hours
01	Properties of Steam			5 (12.5%)
	1.1 Types of steam and steam formation	---	---	
	1.2 Enthalpy, specific volume, internal energy and dryness fraction of steam	Thermal properties (017103301-Unit-1.1)	---	
	1.3 Use of steam tables and Mollier's chart	Types of steam and steam formation (017103403-Unit-1.1), Finite differences (017101391-Unit-1.1)	---	
	1.4 Steam calorimeters – Barrel, Separating, Throttling and Combined (Separating and Throttling) calorimeters	Enthalpy, specific volume, internal energy and dryness fraction of steam (017103403-Unit-1.2), Basics of temperature measurement (017101192-Unit-8.1), Barometer (017101192-Unit-7.1)	---	
02	First Law of Thermodynamics			2 (5%)
	2.1 First law for a closed system undergoing a cycle	Process, path and cycle (017103301-Unit-1.3)	---	
	2.2 First law for a closed system undergoing change of state	Process, path and cycle (017103301-Unit-1.3)	---	
	2.3 Energy – a property of the system	Process, path and cycle (017103301-Unit-1.3)	---	
	2.4 Energy of an Isolated system and PMM1	---	---	
	2.5 First law of thermodynamics for steady state flow process	First law of thermodynamics (017103403-Unit-2.2), First and higher order partial derivatives (017101191-Unit-5.4)	---	
03	First Law Applied to Flow Processes			4 (10%)
	3.1 Steady flow energy equation applied to nozzle, diffuser	---	---	
	3.2 Steady flow energy equation applied to turbine, compressor, pump	---	---	
	3.3 Steady flow energy equation applied to boiler, heat exchanger and throttling	---	---	
	3.4 Filling and emptying process	First law of thermodynamics for steady state flow process (017103403-Unit-3.1)	---	
04	Second Law of Thermodynamics			4 (10%)
	4.1 Limitations of first law of thermodynamics	First law of thermodynamics (017103403-Unit-2.1, 2.2)	---	
	4.2 Cyclic heat engine, energy reservoir	Heat and Work (017103301-Unit-1.2)	---	
	4.3 Kelvin-Planck and Clausius statements	---	---	
	4.4 Refrigerator and Heat Pump	---	---	
	4.5 Equivalence of Kelvin-Planck and Clausius statements	---	---	
05	Limitations and Applications of Second Law of Thermodynamics			6 (15%)
	5.1 PMM2	Second law of thermodynamics (017103403-Unit-4.3)	---	
	5.2 Causes of irreversibility	Friction and its applications (017102291-Unit-7.1)	---	
	5.3 Carnot theorem and corollary of Carnot theorem	Cyclic heat engine, energy reservoir (017103403-Unit-4.2)	---	
	5.4 Thermodynamic temperature scale	Cyclic heat engine (017103403-Unit-4.2)	---	
	5.5 Statement of third law of thermodynamics	---	---	

	5.6 Numerical on applications of second law of thermodynamics	---	---	
06	Basic Concepts of Entropy			4 (10%)
	6.1 Clausius theorem	Basic integration (017101191-Unit-3.4), Thermodynamic temperature scale (017103403 Unit-5.4)	---	
	6.2 Entropy is a property	---	---	
	6.3 Inequality of Clausius and its numerical	Basic integration by formulae (017101191-Unit-3.4)	---	
	6.4 Entropy Principle	---	---	
07	Applications of Entropy			4 (10%)
	7.1 Application of entropy principle (Mixing of two fluid, Heat transfer through a finite temperature difference) and its numerical	---	---	
	7.2 Maximum work obtainable from Two finite Bodies and its numerical		---	
	7.3 Maximum work obtainable from a Finite body and a TER and its numerical	---	---	
	7.4 Statement of Second law efficiency	Carnot gas power cycle (017103301-Unit-7.2) and Cyclic heat engine, energy reservoir (017103403-Unit-4.2)	---	
08	Vapor Power Cycles			3 (7.5%)
	8.1 Carnot vapor cycle	Properties of steam (017103403-Unit-1.1, 1.2)	---	
	8.2 Rankine cycle	Constant volume process and constant pressure process (017103301-Unit-4.1), Finite differences (017101391-Unit-1.1)	---	
	8.3 Comparison of Carnot and Rankine cycle	---	---	
	8.4 Calculation of cycle efficiencies	---	---	
	8.5 Variables affecting efficiency of Rankine cycle (Only Theory)	---	---	
09	Vapor Compression Refrigeration System			4 (10%)
	9.1 Definitions of refrigeration, Air conditioning, Refrigerant	---	---	
	9.2 Simple Vapor Compression Refrigeration system on P-h & T-s diagram and its numerical	Steady flow energy equation applied to turbine, compressor, pump (017103403-Unit-3.3), Second law of thermodynamics (017103403-Unit-4.2), Finite differences (017101391-Unit-1.1)	---	
	9.3 Factors affecting the performance of the simple VCR system (Only Theory)	---	---	
10	Multi Stage Vapor Compression Refrigeration System (Only Theory)			4 (10%)
	10.1 Two stage compression with water intercooler & liquid sub cooler	Simple Vapor Compression Refrigeration system(017103403-Unit-9.2)	---	
	10.2 Two stage compression with water intercooler		---	
	10.3 Two stage compression with flash chamber		---	
	10.4 Two stage compression with liquid subcooler		---	
	10.5 Two stage compression with flash chamber, water intercooler and liquid sub cooler		---	

Major Components/ Equipment	
Sr. No.	Component/Equipment
1	Pipe-in-pipe heat exchanger
2	Mechanical Heat Pump
3	Vapor compression refrigeration system

Sr No.	Practical Title	Link to Theory Syllabus
1	To determine heat loss from pipe-in-pipe heat exchanger using SFEE.	Unit-3
2	To verify First and Second Law with Mechanical Heat Pump.	Unit-4
3	To understand different components of VCR system and to determine its COP.	Unit-9

