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|--------------------------------|---|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| Course Code | 040110105 | | | |
| Category | Interdisciplinary | | | |
| Course Title | Basic Mathematics | | | |
| Scheme and Credits | Theory | Tutorial | Lab | Credits |
| | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Pre-requisites (if any) | Basic knowledge of mathematical concepts | | | |

1. Course Objective:

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| 1 | To understand the foundations of many basic mathematical topics used in Computer Science including RDBMS, Data Structures, Analysis of Algorithms, Theory of Computation, Cryptography, Artificial Intelligence, Statistics and others. |
| 2 | To understand the concepts of sets, logic, cross product of sets and Matrix Algebra. |

2. Course contents :

| Module | Content | Weightage |
|-----------------|--|------------------|
| Unit I | Number System Introduction, Basic Properties of Integers: Closure, Commutative Laws, Associative Laws, Identity Elements, Additive Inverse, Distributive Laws, Cancellation Laws; Well-ordering Principle; Division Algorithm: Quotient, Remainder, <i>div</i> and <i>mod</i> operators, Divisibility; Greatest Common Divisor (GCD); Euclidean Algorithm for Finding the GCD; Relative Prime; Least Common Multiples (LCM); Representation of Integers in Computer; Decimal, Binary, Octal, and Hexadecimal Representation. | 30% |
| Unit II | Set Theory Set Theory: Basic Concepts of Set Theory: Definition, Two Methods to Describe (Represent) Sets; Examples, (Im)proper Subsets, Superset, Equality of Sets; Empty (Null) Set, Universal Set, Finite and Infinite Sets, Power Set; Operations on Sets: Union, Intersection, Complement, VennDiagrams; Disjoint Sets, Various Laws: Identity, Idempotent, Commutative, Associative, Distributive, Absorption, DeMorgan; Difference (Relative Complement), Symmetric Difference of Two Sets; Cartesian Product; PowerSet of a Set. | 30% |
| Unit III | Matrix Algebra Introduction; Representation of a Matrix; Equality of Matrices; Special Matrices: Rectangular / Square Matrices, Null (Zero) Matrix, Unit Matrix, Diagonal Matrices, Triangular Matrices; | 15% |



| | | |
|----------------|---|------------|
| | Sum and Difference of 2 Matrices; Multiplication of 2 matrices; Transpose of a Matrix, Symmetric Matrices; Boolean (Zero-One) Matrices, Boolean Join, Boolean Meet; Theorems and Exercises (without Proof), Sparse Matrix, Magic Matrix. | |
| Unit IV | Propositional Logic Definition, Statement (Proposition) & Notation, Truth Values, Connectives: Negation, Conjunction, Disjunction, Implication(condition), Bi-implication (Bi-conditional), Truth Tables for all Connectives, Statement Formulas (Well-formed Formulas), Truth Tables, Tautologies, Contradiction, Logical Equivalence: Commutative Laws, Associative Laws, Distributive Laws, Absorption Laws, Idempotent Laws, Double Negation Law, DeMorgan's laws, Examples; Validity of Arguments, Some Valid Argument Forms: Modus Ponens, Modus Tollens, Disjunctive Syllogism, Dilemma, Equivalence of Formulas:Conjunctive Simplification, Disjunctive Addition, Conjunctive Addition, Theorems (without Proof). | 25% |

Note: *Proofs of Theorems not required*

3. Text Books:

1. Swapan Kumar Chakraborty, Bikash Kanti Sarkar “Discrete Mathematics “(Oxford Higher Education) (2011)
2. J.P.Tremblay and R. Manohar, “Discrete Mathematical Structures with Applications to Computer Science”, Tata McGraw-Hill (2010)
3. Bernard Kolmann & others, “Discrete Mathematical Structure”, Pearson Education, Sixth Edition
4. D.S. Malik & M.K. Sen, “Discrete Mathematics”, Cengage Learning (2004)

4. Accomplishment of the student after completing the course:

This course will enhance the student’s ability to think logically and mathematically.